Map-Fi Tag Receiver part

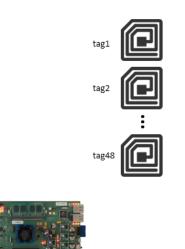
Leyan Zhu

Outline

- System Introduction
- My Task
- Envelope-demodulation Method
- Self-adaptive Envelop-demodulation Circuit
- Problems
- ► IC Design
- ► Q&A

System Introduction

Tags backscatter the provided RF signal to achieve low energy consumption communication



RF Transmitter: providing RF signal

Tag: backscattering to move the spectrum and imitate the 48 sub-channel of the OFDM system

Receiver: any device obeying 802.11g

protocol

My Task

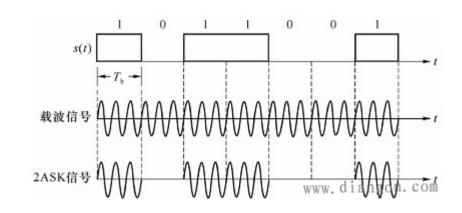
Design a PCB to receive the command sending to the Tag. Command is used to synchronize and trigger.

Command signal:

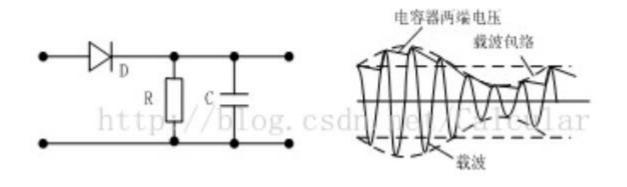
2ASK modulation method

Carrier wave 2.4GHz

Data rate 250kbps

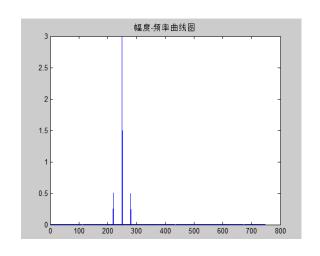


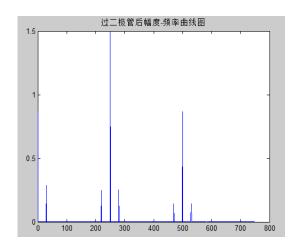
Envelope-demodulation Method



Typical Circuit

Using matlab

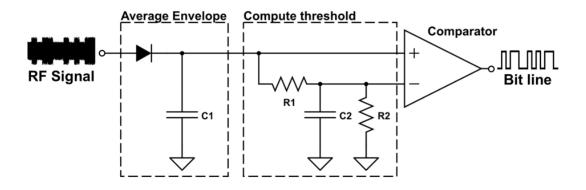




Diode Spectrum Analysis

Self-adaptive Envelop-demodulation Circuit

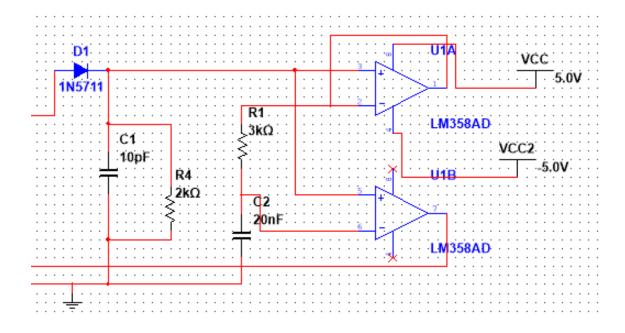
Problem: different transmission distance require different threshold



Solve the transmission distance problem

Threshold decided by the signal itself

My Design



Part1: envelope-demodulation circuit

Part2: voltage follower

Part3: low pass fliter

Part4: comparator

Problems

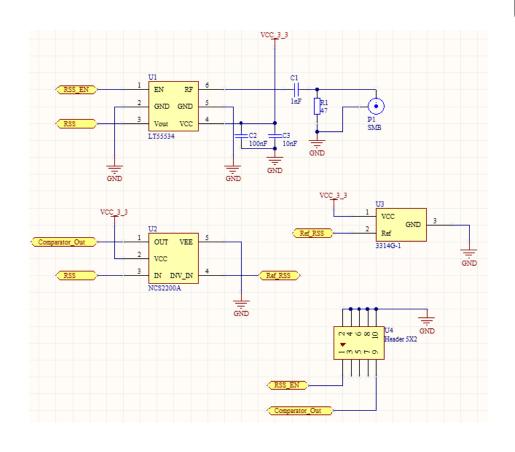
1. Amplitude

-30dBm signal voltage 220mV Germanium diode turn on voltage 0.2~0.4V (now this is not a problem.....)

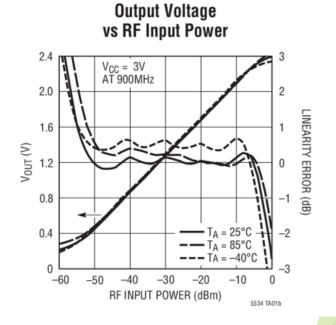
2. Frequency

Losing unilateral conduction characteristic Special diode

IC Design



U1 LT5534 power detect component



A bit high energy consumption





Thank you!